

Change of Ownership and/or Management

The following forms/documents must be completed and/or submitted in order to process your request for Change of Ownership and/or Management ("Agent"):

- 1. Warranty Deed, filed and recorded (further instructions are listed below)
- 2. Copy of Social Security Card(s) (Owner(s)/Agent)
- 3. Valid Government Issued ID (Owner(s)/Agent)
- 4. W-9 for each person listed on the Warranty Deed & for Agent
- 5. Management Agreement (if applicable)
- 6. Vendor Number Verification form
- 7. Direct Deposit form with voided check OR a letter from the bank with the account holder(s) name, account number, routing number, and type of account.
- 8. Change in Ownership Agreement

Please be advised that ALL items list above must be submitted before processing begins. Packets that are submitted with missing and/or incomplete documents will not be accepted or processed.

If you have questions, please feel free to contact us.





3939 N. Hampton Rd., Dallas, TX 75212 | Phone: 214.951.8300 | Fax: 214.951.8800 | www.dhadal.com

New Vendor Acceptable/Unacceptable Documents

Below is a list of acceptable/unacceptable documents that have been updated based on what can and cannot be accepted by the Property Owner/Agent. Keep in mind that some documents may be handled on a case by case basis.

The following documents have been deemed acceptable:

- Special Warranty Deed
- General Warranty Deed
- Warranty Deed

If Deed is dual ownership (owned by two or more individuals), agreements MUST be signed by both (all) parties.

The following documents should be accompanied by a "Hold Harmless" Letter:

- Gift Deed
- Trustee's Deed
- Deed in Lieu of Foreclosure
- Quit Claim Deed
- Sherriff's Deed
- Tax Sale Deed
- Any Court Order (divorce decree, judgment, bankruptcy trustee's order, turnover order, etc.)
- Muniment of Title
- Assessment Deed
- Ground Lease

All pages of the documents listed above **MUST** be provided and show that they are *official* and have been recorded in the Real Property Records of the County where the property is located. Remember that a W-9 and proof of TAX ID **MUST** be provided for all individuals and companies listed as an owner on the Deed and must also match the direct deposit information provided.

The following documents are required for Deeds that are secured by a Trustee:

A notarized letter (on letterhead/and the original) from the Trustee noted on the deed with the following information:

- 1. Trustee must give Grantee full responsibility to act on his behalf,
- 2. if he/she is requiring to be notified with any paperwork, and
- 3. Trustee must state that he/she is aware that DHA will be making payments to the Grantee OR how he/she wants payments to be made.





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NOTE: If none of the above information can be provided, we will need the account set up in the name of the Trustee.

The following items have been deemed unacceptable:

- Mortgage
- Deed of Trust
- Promissory Note
- Power of Attorney (please verify this document with Finance)
- Contract for Deed
- Release of Lien
- Title Commitment
- Title Policy
- Property Appraisal
- Management Agreement (if used only as proof of ownership)
- Assignment of Rents

In addition to the proof of ownership, the following information MUST also be provided:

Proof of TAX ID for both the owner(s) and Agent (if applicable):

- Social Security Card
- Valid/Authentic print out from the Social Security Administration
- IRS Letter (with EIN#)
- Most recent tax return (signed)
- Valid Government Issued ID
- W-9 for each person listed on Deed
- W-9 for Agent (if applicable)
- Management Agreement between Owner(s) and Agent (if applicable)
- Request for Vendor Number form
- Direct Deposit Set-up Form (with VOIDED check attached)- the name(s) listed on the check must match the names listed on Deed or assigned Payee.

NOTE: Management Agreement is required to setup/request payments to Agent. If Deed is dual ownership, agreement MUST be signed by both parties.





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VENDOR NUMBER VERIFICATION

This form should be completed by new and existing C	Dwners/Agents.	
Assisted Unit Address:		
Owner Name:	Telephone:	
Contact Name:	Fax #:	
Physical Address:	Email:	
City, State, Zip:		
Tax ID/Soc. Sec. #	Owner Vendor #:	
Agent Name:	Telephone:	
Contact Name:	Fax #:	
Physical Address:	Email:	
City, State, Zip:	Tax ID/Soc. Sec. #	
Agent Agreement Attached: ☐Yes ☐ No	Agent Vendor #:	
1. Make all Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) pay	/able to: Owner Age	
Do you have other properties on the Housing Choi for which you are currently receiving monies from t	· • <u> </u>	
3. Are you a new participating landlord on the Housin program?	ng Choice Voucher	
4. If no, and you are not currently receiving HAP, has your bank account ☐Yes☐ No information changed?		
Bank Name:		
Routing Number:	Account Number:	
NOTE: If you have a new account, you must all copy of a voided check OR a letter from the bar number, routing number, and type of account.		
5. Are all of your properties participating in the Housin Program associated with the above Tax ID or Soci		





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The attached IRS W-9 form must be completed for both the owner and the agent listed above for this property along with proof of your Tax ID/Social Security number. Housing Assistance Payments cannot be processed until these documents are received. Proof of ownership must also be provided.

OWNER, BY DESIGNATING AN AGENT, AGREES AND ACKNOWLEDGES THAT OWNER'S AGENT SHALL BE DEEMED AS PAYEE UNDER THE HAP CONTRACT AND THE SOLE POINT OF CONTACT FOR DHA CONCERNING SUCH PAYMENTS AND ANY AND ALL OTHER RELATED AGREEMENTS. OWNER'S AGENT SHALL REMAIN PAYEE AND THE SOLE POINT OF CONTACT UNTIL OWNER PROVIDES WRITTEN NOTICE OF A CHANGE OF CONTACT INFORMATION. ANY TAX INFORMATION CONCERNING HAP MONIES PAID TO AGENT ON BEHALF OF OWNER (IRS FORM 1099, ETC.), SHALL BE SENT DIRECTLY TO AGENT. OWNER AGREES HEREIN TO HOLD DHA, ITS EMPLOYEES, OFFICERS AND REPRESENTATIVES HARMLESS FROM LIABILITY CONCERNING ANY INFORMATION PROVIDED TO OWNER'S AGENT.

Owner Signature:	Date:
Agent Signature:	Date:

3939 North Hampton Road

Dallas, Texas 75212	
PROPERTY ADDRESS:	
Please note that (<u>NAME OF OWNER OR OWNER'S</u>	AGENT): shall
indemnify and hold harmless The Housing Auth	nority of the City of Dallas, Texas ("DHA") from any
and all claims which may arise from DHA's relia	nnce on this letter and on the (DOCUMENT TYPE, i.e.,
TRUSTEE'S DEED <i>ETC</i> .:) from (<u>NAME OF PREVIOUS OWNER:</u>
) conveying title to the Property to (NAME OF
CURRENT OWNER:) and (<u>NAME OF TRUSTEE, IF</u>
ANY):) dated as of//
	age Number in the Real Property
Records of Dallas County, Texas, a copy of wh	ich is attached hereto.
By signing below, I represent that I am authoriz	ed to execute this letter and that I have sought and
received legal representation concerning the ob-	oligations and indemnities provided herein.
PRINT NAME	SIGN NAME
State of	
County of	
This instrument was acknowledged before me on the	isday of, 20 by Given under my hand and seal of office thisday
of	oven and in my hand and sear of office thisday
	Notary Public Name/Seal



Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give Form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

Internal	neverlue Service				
	Name (as shown or	n your income tax return)	-		
ge 2.	Business name/dis	ess name/disregarded entity name, if different from above			
Print or type See Specific Instructions on page	Check appropriate box for federal tax classification: Individual/sole proprietor			☐ Exempt payee	
Print or type c Instructions	Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=partnership)				
L Other (see instructions) ► Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.) Requester's name and address (optional)			(optional)		
See Spe	City, state, and ZIP	2 code			
	List account number	er(s) here (optional)			
Par	Taxpa	yer Identification Number (TIN)			
Enter	your TIN in the ap	propriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on the "Name" line	Social security numb	er	
to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <i>How to get a</i>					
	TIN on page 3. Note If the account is in more than one name, see the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose Employer identification number			on number	
Note. If the account is in more than one name, see the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose number to enter.					
Part	II Certifi	cation			
Under	penalties of perju	ıry, I certify that:			
1. The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me), and					
2. I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding, and					
3. I ar	n a U.S. citizen or	other U.S. person (defined below).			
becau interes genera instruc	se you have failed at paid, acquisition	ons. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you do to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions on abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you	, item 2 does not app dividual retirement arr	y. For mortgage angement (IRA), and	
Sign Here	Signature of U.S. person				

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Purpose of Form

A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) to report, for example, income paid to you, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA.

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:

- 1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
 - 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income.

Note. If a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien,
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States,
- An estate (other than a foreign estate), or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax on any foreign partners' share of income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, a partnership is required to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid withholding on your share of partnership income.



Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give Form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

Internal	neverlue Service				
	Name (as shown or	n your income tax return)	-		
ge 2.	Business name/dis	ess name/disregarded entity name, if different from above			
Print or type See Specific Instructions on page	Check appropriate box for federal tax classification: Individual/sole proprietor			☐ Exempt payee	
Print or type c Instructions	Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=partnership)				
L Other (see instructions) ► Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.) Requester's name and address (optional)			(optional)		
See Spe	City, state, and ZIP	2 code			
	List account number	er(s) here (optional)			
Par	Taxpa	yer Identification Number (TIN)			
Enter	your TIN in the ap	propriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on the "Name" line	Social security numb	er	
to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <i>How to get a</i>					
	TIN on page 3. Note If the account is in more than one name, see the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose Employer identification number			on number	
Note. If the account is in more than one name, see the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose number to enter.					
Part	II Certifi	cation			
Under	penalties of perju	ıry, I certify that:			
1. The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me), and					
2. I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding, and					
3. I ar	n a U.S. citizen or	other U.S. person (defined below).			
becau interes genera instruc	se you have failed at paid, acquisition	ons. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you do to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions on abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you	, item 2 does not app dividual retirement arr	y. For mortgage angement (IRA), and	
Sign Here	Signature of U.S. person				

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Purpose of Form

A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) to report, for example, income paid to you, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA.

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:

- 1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
 - 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income.

Note. If a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien,
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States,
- An estate (other than a foreign estate), or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax on any foreign partners' share of income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, a partnership is required to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid withholding on your share of partnership income.

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The person who gives Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States is in the following cases:

- The U.S. owner of a disregarded entity and not the entity,
- The U.S. grantor or other owner of a grantor trust and not the trust, and
- The U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 (see Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items:

- 1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
 - 2. The treaty article addressing the income.
- 3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
- 4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
- 5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity not subject to backup withholding, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8.

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS a percentage of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- 1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
- 2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part II instructions on page 3 for details),
 - 3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,
- 4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
- 5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See the instructions below and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9.

Also see Special rules for partnerships on page 1.

Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account, for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Name

If you are an individual, you must generally enter the name shown on your income tax return. However, if you have changed your last name, for instance, due to marriage without informing the Social Security Administration of the name change, enter your first name, the last name shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

If the account is in joint names, list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of the form.

Sole proprietor. Enter your individual name as shown on your income tax return on the "Name" line. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as (DBA)" name on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line.

Partnership, C Corporation, or S Corporation. Enter the entity's name on the "Name" line and any business, trade, or "doing business as (DBA) name" on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line.

Disregarded entity. Enter the owner's name on the "Name" line. The name of the entity entered on the "Name" line should never be a disregarded entity. The name on the "Name" line must be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income will be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a domestic owner, the domestic owner's name is required to be provided on the "Name" line. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line. If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, you must complete an appropriate Form W-8.

Note. Check the appropriate box for the federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on the "Name" line (Individual/sole proprietor, Partnership, C Corporation, S Corporation, Trust/estate).

Limited Liability Company (LLC). If the person identified on the "Name" line is an LLC, check the "Limited liability company" box only and enter the appropriate code for the tax classification in the space provided. If you are an LLC that is treated as a partnership for federal tax purposes, enter "P" for partnership. If you are an LLC that has filed a Form 8832 or a Form 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, enter "C" for C corporation or "S" for S corporation. If you are an LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner under Regulation section 301.7701-3 (except for employment and excise tax), do not check the LLC box unless the owner of the LLC (required to be identified on the "Name" line) is another LLC that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. If the LLC is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, enter the appropriate tax classification of the owner identified on the "Name" line.

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Other entities. Enter your business name as shown on required federal tax documents on the "Name" line. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on the "Business name/ disregarded entity name" line.

Exempt Payee

If you are exempt from backup withholding, enter your name as described above and check the appropriate box for your status, then check the "Exempt payee" box in the line following the "Business name/disregarded entity name," sign and date the form.

Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding. Corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, such as interest and dividends.

Note. If you are exempt from backup withholding, you should still complete this form to avoid possible erroneous backup withholding.

The following payees are exempt from backup withholding:

- 1. An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2),
 - 2. The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities,
- 3. A state, the District of Columbia, a possession of the United States, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities,
- 4. A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities, or
- 5. An international organization or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.

Other payees that may be exempt from backup withholding include:

- 6. A corporation,
- 7. A foreign central bank of issue,
- 8. A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a possession of the United States
- 9. A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission,
 - 10. A real estate investment trust,
- 11. An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940,
 - 12. A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a),
 - 13. A financial institution.
- 14. A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian, or
- 15. A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 15.

IF the payment is for	THEN the payment is exempt for
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 9
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 5 and 7 through 13. Also, C corporations.
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 5
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 1	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 7 ²

¹See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN. However, the IRS prefers that you use your SSN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (see *Limited Liability Company (LLC)* on page 2), enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note. See the chart on page 4 for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local Social Security Administration office or get this form online at www.ssa.gov. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/businesses and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by visiting IRS.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note. Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded domestic entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if item 1, below, and items 4 and 5 on page 4 indicate otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on the "Name" line must sign. Exempt payees, see Exempt Payee on page 3.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 3, below, and items 4 and 5 on page 4.

- 1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.
- 2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.
- **3. Real estate transactions.** You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.

² However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney, and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

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- **4. Other payments.** You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).
- 5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
Individual Two or more individuals (joint account)	The individual The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account '
Custodian account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor ²
a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee) b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The grantor-trustee ¹ The actual owner ¹
Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner ³
6. Grantor trust filing under Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 1 (see Regulation section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(A))	The grantor*
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
A valid trust, estate, or pension trust Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	Legal entity ⁴ The corporation
Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
11. Partnership or multi-member LLC12. A broker or registered nominee	The partnership The broker or nominee
13. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity
14. Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 2 (see Regulation section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(B))	The trust

¹ List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

Note. If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records from Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, social security number (SSN), or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- · Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Publication 4535, Identity Theft Prevention and Victim Assistance.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a system problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes.

Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to *phishing@irs.gov*. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at: *spam@uce.gov* or contact them at *www.ftc.gov/idtheft* or 1-877-IDTHEFT (1-877-438-4338).

Visit IRS.gov to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. possessions for use in administering their laws. The information also may be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payers must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payer. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.

² Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

³ You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or "DBA" name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

⁴List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see *Special rules for partnerships* on page 1.

^{*}Note. Grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust.





3939 N. Hampton Rd., Dallas, TX 75212 | Phone: 214.951.8300 | Fax: 214.951.8800 | www.dhadal.com

DIRECT DEPOSIT SIGN-UP AND CHANGE FORM FOR VENDORS

Dallas Housing Authority (DHA) constantly looks for ways to better serve our landlords. In an effort to ensure timely monthly payments, DHA will make regular rent payments to landlords by direct deposit. DHA will only mail checks under special circumstances.

Direct deposits will be sent to your bank. To find out when funds from your deposit will be available to you, please call your bank representative.

To sign-up for direct deposit: (30 to 60 days prior notice required)

- 1. Please fill out the form completely and attach a "voided" check (from the account that will receive the direct deposit) OR a letter from the bank with the account holder(s) name, account number, routing number, and type of account. Make a copy for your records, then return the completed form along with the voided check to DHA with your Request for Tenancy Approval (RFTA) packet or change of ownership information.
- 2. There is a 30 to 60 day processing period before actual dollars can be transmitted into a new or changed account.

To make changes for direct deposit: (30 to 60 days prior notice required)

- 1. Follow the instructions above.
- 2. Payments will continue to be deposited into the old account until the new account has been set up and tested (approximately 30 to 60 days).

If you have any questions regarding completing this form, email your questions to LL-hotline@dhadal.com. Please mail completed forms to 3939 N. Hampton Road, Dallas, Texas 75212, Attention: Voucher Program. If you are completing this form with a new RFTA packet, please attach this form along with the required documents to the packet.

Check the correct choice:	☐ New Sign-Up	Up Change	
Vendor Type:	Owner	☐ Agent	
Name:		Telephone:	
Contact Name:		Fax #·	
Address:		Email:	
City, State, Zip:			
Tax ID/Soc. Sec. #		Vendor #:	
Account Type:	hecking Savings		
Bank Name:	Account #:		
	Routing #:		
I,, do declare that I am authorizing DHA to deposit my Housing Assistance Payments into the above bank account and initiate, if necessary, debit entries in case of an error.			
Vendor Signature:		Date:	





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DALLAS HOUSING AUTHORITY ("DHA") CHANGE IN OWNERSHIP AGREEMENT

I/We,	
Name(s) of New Owner(s)	
is/are now the new owner(s) of the rental property located a	ıt:
with	
as tenant.	,
This contract is hereby amended to transfer ownership from	1
	Previous Owner(s)
to	New Owner(s).
The new Owner(s) shall comply with all of the terms and co the effective date of this Agreement. The previous owner s any recapture amounts as may be determined by DHA. In aforementioned Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) Cont in effect.	hall remain responsible for all other respects, the
THE ASSIGNMENT, ASSUMPTION AND AMENDMENT A 8 HOUSING ASSISTANCE PAYMENT (HAP) CONTRACT AS OF	
(mm/dd/yyyy)	
Signature of Previous Owner(s) or Authorized Agent Date S	Signed
Signature of New Owner(s) or Authorized Agent Date Signe	ed